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THE FAFSA® IS CHANGING! FAFSA® SIMPLIFICATION

The FAFSA Simplification Act prioritized simplifying the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA®) application process, resulting in changes to the 2024–25 FAFSA® form, process, and methodologies for determining eligibility for federal aid.

Changes to the FAFSA® Form

- The number of questions have been reduced.
 - Questions about Selective Service registration and drug convictions have been removed.
 - Housing questions have been removed.
- Demographic questions have been added.
 - For data collection purposes only, questions about the applicant's gender, race, and ethnicity have been added to the FAFSA®; this data will not be shared with schools.
 - These guestions will have no bearing on aid eligibility.
- Untaxed income and benefits:
 - Reportable:
 - Individual Retirement Account (IRA) deductions, payments to self-employed Simplified Employee Pension, SIMPLE IRA, and qualified plans
 - Tax-exempt interest income
 - Untaxed portion of IRA distribution and untaxed portion of pension (excluding rollovers)
 - Not reportable:
 - Payments to tax-deferred pensions and retirement savings plans
 - Cash support
 - Worker's compensation
 - Veteran's noneducation benefits
 - Child support received (will now be reported as an asset)
- Family assets reported:
 - Parent(s) now must report the following items as assets: the net worth of any business(es) and family farm(s). The net worth is the value of the business or farm, minus any debts owed.
 - Family assets now include child support received, investments, and vacation home(s).
 - It no longer includes Education Savings Accounts for other children.
- Family size will be determined using federal tax return data, but it can be adjusted if it does not reflect the student's current family size.



Changes to the FAFSA® Process

- FSA IDs will use two-factor authentication.
- The 2024–25 FAFSA® will be available in December 2023 instead of the traditional October timeframe.
- Only one parent FSA ID is required for parents who file federal taxes jointly.
- Both biological parents must have their own FSA ID if they are unmarried but live together or are married and file federal taxes separately.
 - ◆ Parents/spouse are now referred to as "contributors."
- The FAFSA® must be completed by the parent who provides the most financial support to the student (previously, the FAFSA® included financial information from the parent the student lived with the most in the last 12 months).
- Students may list up to 20 colleges on their FAFSA®.
- The Student Aid Report (SAR) becomes the FAFSA Submission Summary (FSS).

Changes to the Calculation

- The number of family members in college is no longer considered in the need analysis calculation.
- A new methodology will be introduced to calculate and determine applicant eligibility. The EFC (Expected Family Contribution) will be replaced with the SAI (Student Aid Index).
 - ◆ The FAFSA® will use data received directly from the Internal Revenue Service to calculate Federal Pell grant eligibility and SAI.
 - ◆ It allows for a minimum SAI of -1500.
 - Federal Pell Grant access will be expanded and linked to family size and federal poverty levels, which is expected to allow more students and families from low-income backgrounds to qualify.

FINANCIAL AID MATTERS

St. John's 2022-23 Scholarships and Aid



99%
of first-year students
received aid.



First-year students received more than \$120 million in grants, scholarships, and loans funded through a combination of federal, state, University, and external sources.



\$83 million
in total institutional aid
(a subset of total aid) was
received by first-year
students from St. John's.



More than \$20.5 million in Federal Pell Grants were received by undergraduate students.

